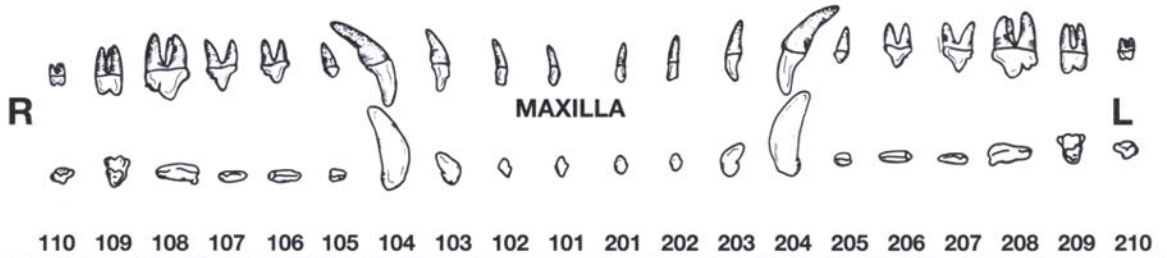


CANINE DENTAL CHART

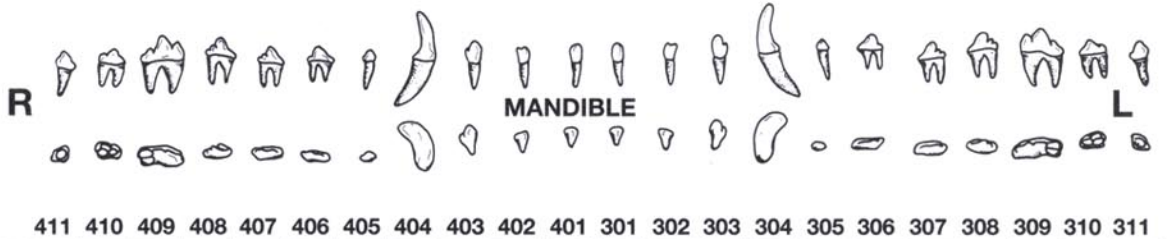
ANIMAL'S NAME	OWNER'S NAME	BREED	AGE	SEX	NUMBER



Date	PI																			
	CI																			
	GI																			
	Other																			

Date	PI																			
	CI																			
	GI																			
	Other																			

Date	PI																			
	CI																			
	GI																			
	Other																			



Date	PI																			
	CI																			
	GI																			
	Other																			

Date	PI																			
	CI																			
	GI																			
	Other																			

Date	PI																			
	CI																			
	GI																			
	Other																			

GI (Gingivitis Index)
 0 = Normal
 1 = Marginal Gingivitis
 2 = Some swelling/bleeds on probing
 3 = Marked swelling/bleeds easily

CI (Calculus Index)
 0 = No calculus
 1 = Some supragingival/small amount below gingival margin
 2 = Moderate calculus supra and subgingival
 3 = Abundant calculus supra and subgingival

PI (Plaque Index)
 0 = No plaque
 1 = Thin film gingival margin
 2 = Moderate accumulation of plaque in sulcus
 3 = Abundant soft material in sulcus

CODE KEY

■ Missing Tooth	# CA (class)	Fractured Tooth	GH Gingival Hyperplasia	RT Retained Temporary Tooth
X Extracted Tooth	F Furcation Exposure (F ₁ , F ₂ , F ₃)	R Restoration (Rc, Ri or Ra)	ED Enamel Defect	M Mobile Tooth
P (mm) Periodontal Pocket	GR Gingival Recession (~ indicates exact buccal location)	3*D Tertiary Dentine	0 = Normal 2 = Moderate	1 = Slight 3 = Severe



Luckily there's Antirobe™
(clindamycin hydrochloride)
to help fight dental infections

Produced by Pharmacia & Upjohn with the kind assistance of Norman W. Johnston B.V.M. & S., M.R.C.V.S., F.A.V.D.